

SD Corrections Commission

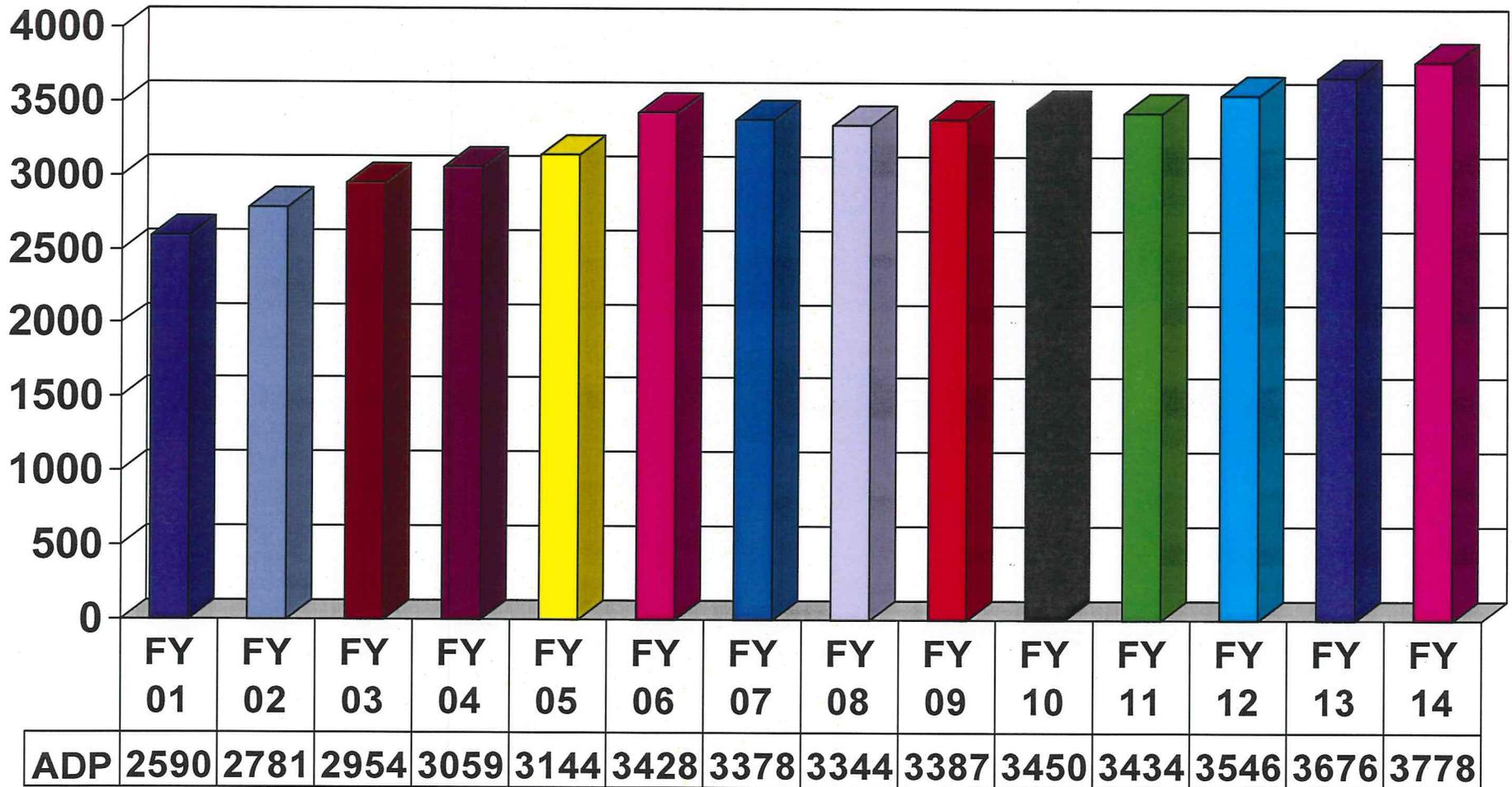
Adult Inmate Populations
Criminal Justice Initiative

March 25, 2013

State Capitol

Pierre SD

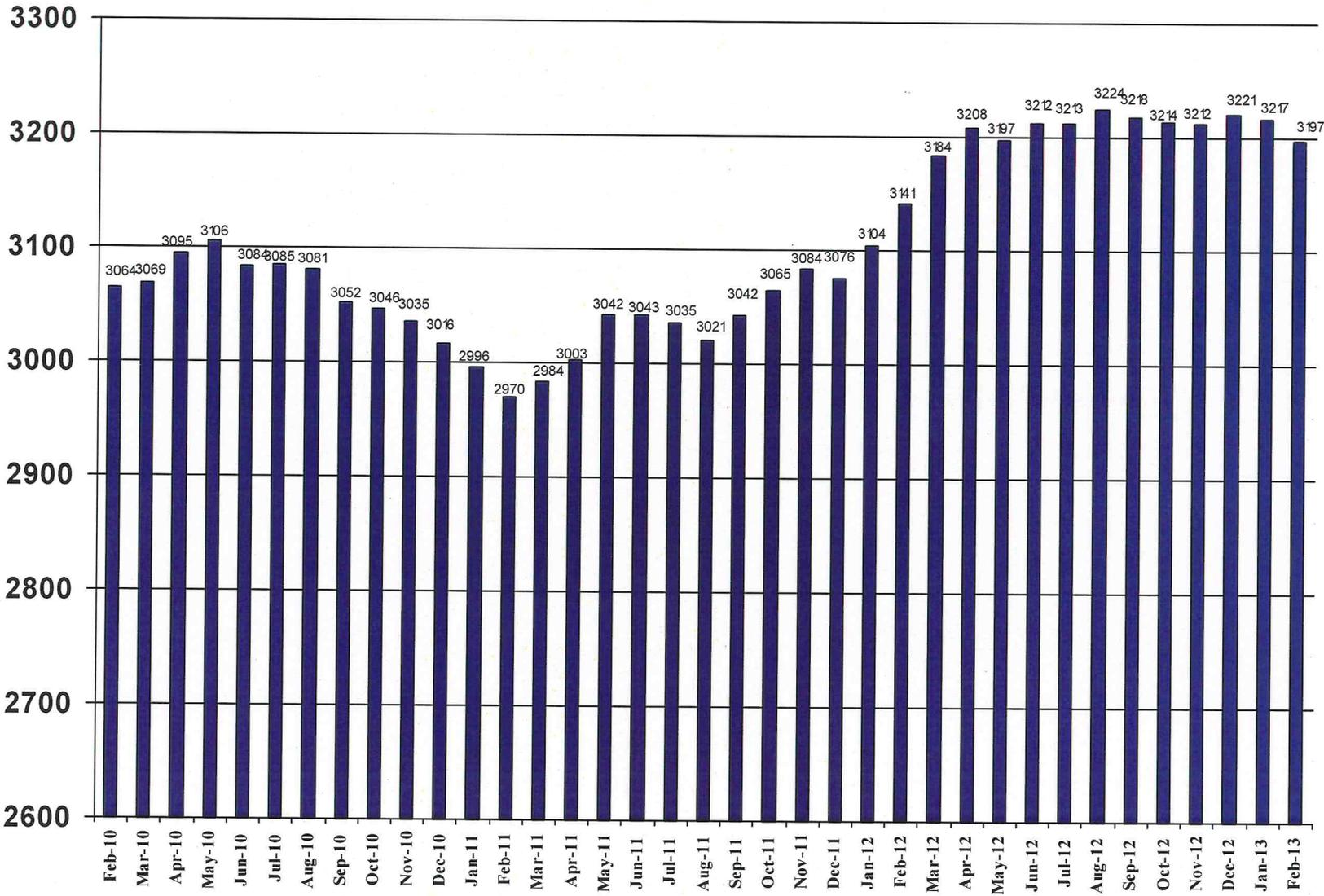
Actual Average Daily Population of Adult Inmates



FY01-FY12 are actual. FY13 and FY14 are projected.

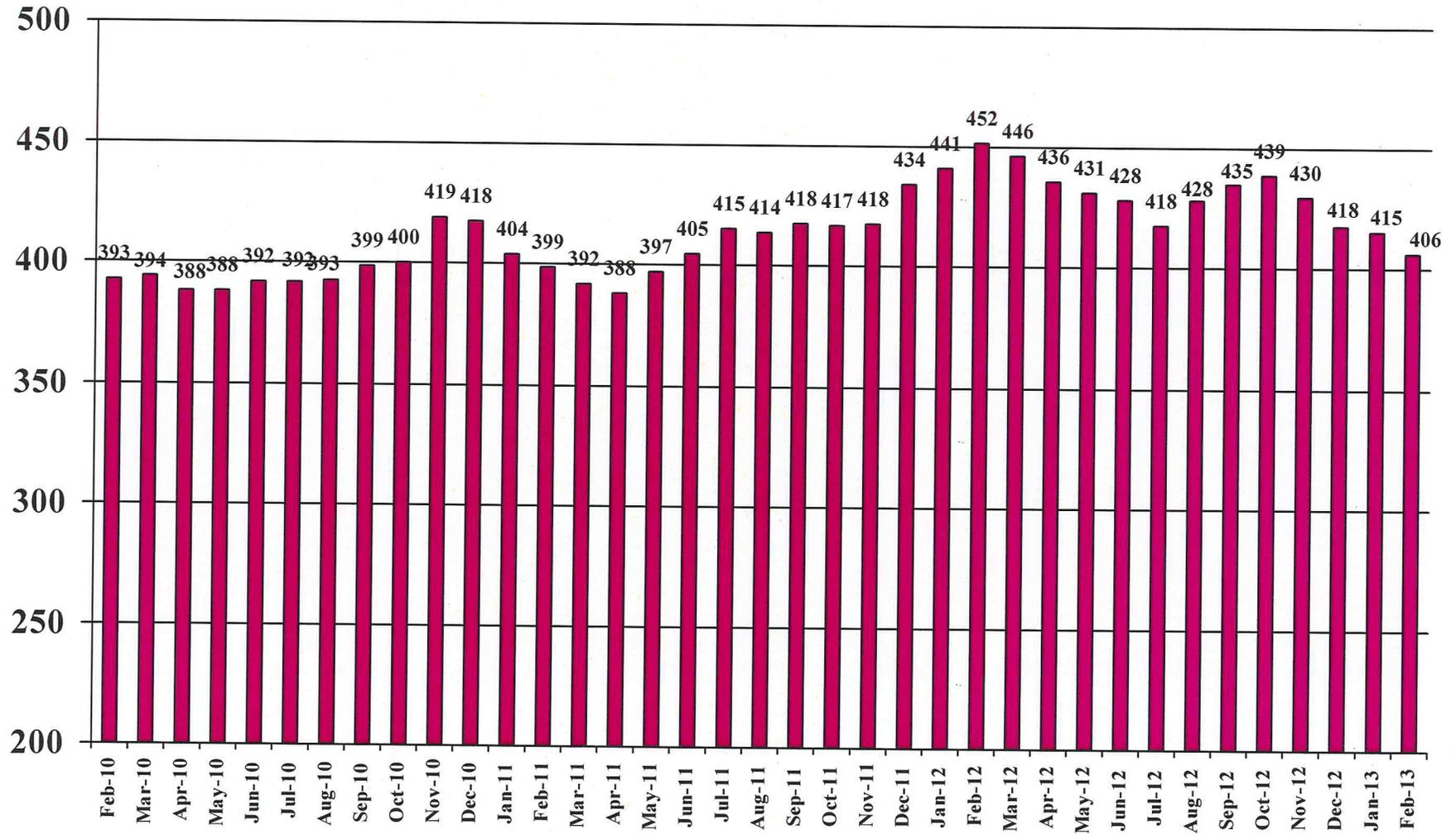
Male Inmate ADC by Month

February 2010 to February 2013

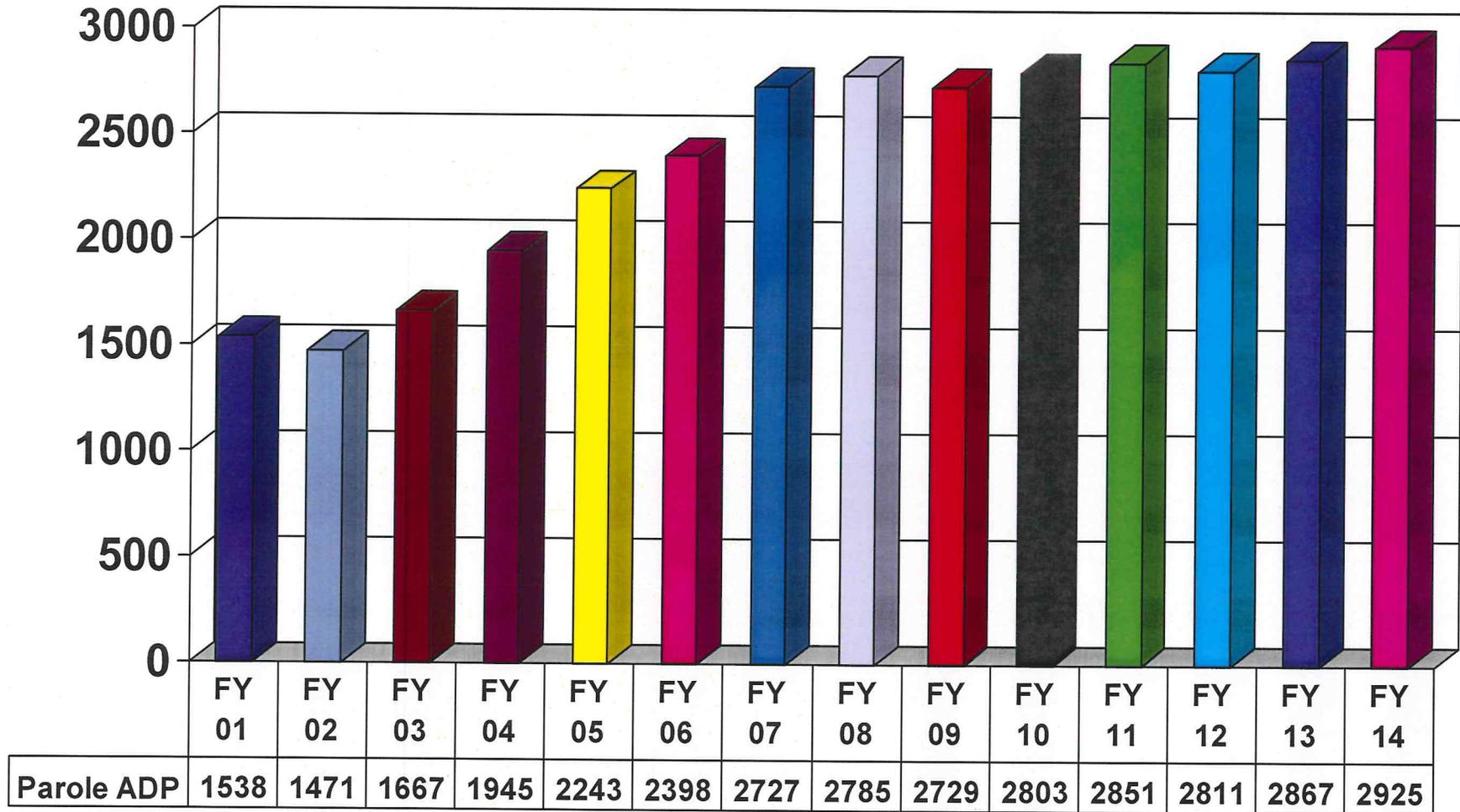


Female Inmate ADC by Month

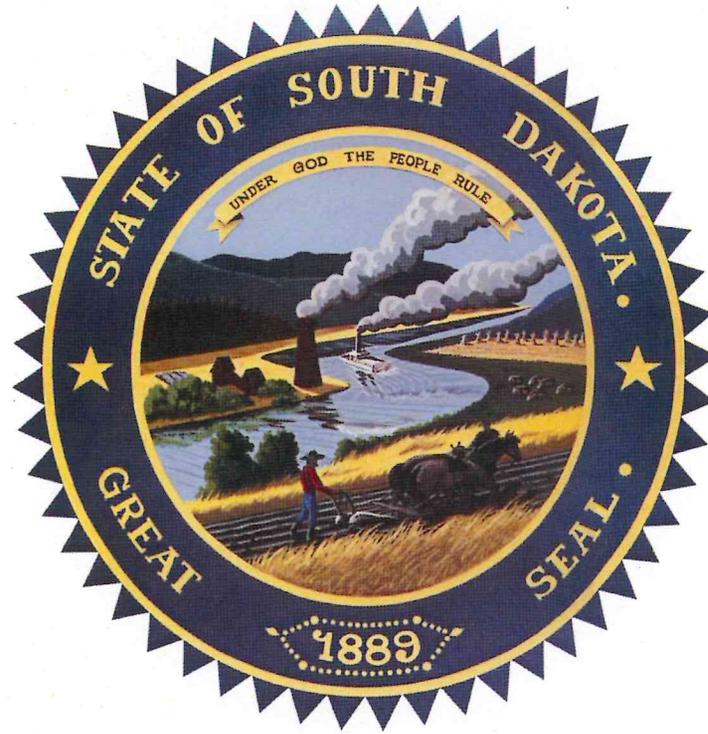
February 2010 to February 2013



Parole Services Average End of Month Count



FY 01-FY 12 are actual; FY 13 and FY 14 are projected.



South Dakota Criminal Justice Initiative

Criminal Justice Initiative Work Group

Policy Areas

Supervision and Reinvestment

1. Focus supervision on high-risk offenders
2. Improve supervision of probationers and parolees
3. Specialized programs and services to improve outcomes

Statutory Review

1. Differentiate among levels of criminal conduct
2. Create presumptive probation for Class 5 and 6 felonies
3. Ensure 180 day sanctions for probationers can be used for swift and certain sanctions.

Efficiency & Sustainability

1. Measure and evaluate implementation of reforms
2. Improve training on evidence-based practices
3. Improve efficiency and accessibility of systems

Supervision and Reinvestment Policies

1. Focus supervision on high-risk offenders

Create earned discharge from probation and parole

- Parole:
 - Month for month without PDR
 - No sex offenses, failure to register or community safety zone violations
 - Ready to award 7/1/13

Supervision and Reinvestment Policies

2. Improve the supervision of probationers and parolees

- a. Enhance supervision through Evidence-Based Practices
 - Focus on moderate and high risk parolees
 - Case planning requirements
 - Train the Trainers in EPICS/Core Correctional Practices \$18,000
- b. Develop and use graduated sanctions in probation supervision
- c. Strengthen risk and needs assessments used by probation and parole - \$30,000
 - Validate Community Risk Assessment
 - Norm and validate LSI-R
- d. Improve outcomes through housing option for CTP offenders - \$250,000
 - Pilot program
 - Transitional placements where housing is an obstacle to parole

Supervision and Reinvestment Policies

3. Specialized programs and services to improve outcomes

- a. Create two HOPE Probation pilot programs
- b. Enhance and expand alternative courts
 - Yankton Co. Drug Court
 - Minnehaha Co. Drug Court and DUI Court
 - Pennington Co. DUI Court
 - Davison Co. Drug Court
 - Northern Hills Drug Court
- c. Create community supervision pilot program tailored for Tribal Communities - \$250,000
 - Two locations
 - 2-3 years – staffing (2 staff) and operating costs
- d. Provide evidence-based substance abuse treatment services and cognitive behavioral therapy

Statutory Review Policies

1. Differentiate among levels of criminal conduct

a. Create a tiered controlled substance sentencing statute

- Possession CS moves from Class 4 to Class 5 or 6 felony depending on schedule
- Possession by ingestion removed from Misprison of a Felony

b. Create more targeted punishments for grand theft

- Based on amount – moves over \$1,000 from Class 4 to Class 5 or 6 depending on amount. Class 4 if over \$5, 000

c. Enhance options for sentencing DUI offenders

- Allows up to 365 days in jail as condition of probation for DUI 5th
- Requires 5 or 10 years supervision for chronic DUI (>5 or > 10)

d. Differentiate sentencing for different levels of criminal conduct in burglary

- Burglary 3rd moved from Class 4 to Class 5 felony

Statutory Review Policies

2. Create presumptive probation for Class 5 and 6 felonies

- Exceptions for violent, sex offender registry violations and risks to public safety.

3. Ensure 180 day sanctions for probationers can be used for swift and certain sanctions.

- Time in jail or prison for SES or SIS to be done in 60 day increments.

Efficiency & Sustainability Policies

1. Measure and evaluate implementation of reforms

- a. Assign a group to be responsible for monitoring/evaluation of EBP
 - Creates 13 member Oversight Council
 - Semi annual meetings
 - Review/monitor implementation of CJJ provisions
 - Staffed by UJS
- b. Require data collection and reporting on performance and outcome measures
 - Oversight Council review performance and outcome measures
 - Semi annual reporting to Oversight Council
 - Annual report of performance and outcome measures
 - DOC EBP report development \$23,000
- c. Require fiscal notes be placed on bills and ballot initiatives impacting prison population

Efficiency & Sustainability Policies

2. Improve training on evidence-based practices

- a. Provide Parole Board and Judicial training
 - \$10,000 annually for Board training
 - New Board member training
 - Annual training
 - Use of risk assessments and EBP

- b. Require training for probation and parole officers
 - \$6,000 annually for parole
 - Criminal risk factors
 - Targets to reduce recidivism

Efficiency & Sustainability Policies

3. Improve efficiency and accessibility of systems

- a. Create a statewide victim notification system 7/1/14
 - Administered by the AG's office
 - Interface with DOC victim information
- b. Improve collection of restitution through a joint DOC-UJS collection approach
 - Administrative Financial Accountability System 1/1/14
 - Discharge owing court ordered obligations – transferred to AFA for collection
- c. Create a reinvestment fund to align incentives for local jurisdictions \$1,000,000 7/1/14
 - Counties will incur jail, monitoring and transportation expense to retain additional offenders in community
 - \$1,000 - \$1,200 for each additional probationer
 - First payment 10/2014 based on FY 14 end of year count
- d. Limit Preliminary Hearings to Felony Cases