National Reentry Resource Center

SECOND CHANCE ACT GRANTEE CONFERENCE

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South Dakota Recidivism Reduction Initiative

- Public safety - #1
- Sound reentry practices contribute to lower recidivism
- Preventing recidivism benefits the entire community
- Almost half of the state's prison population are recidivists
- There are things that can be done to reduce recidivism
    - Change offender thinking patterns and behaviors
    - Improve the system to support successful reentry
    - Modify policies to reduce recidivism
- DOC goal – 50% reduction in 5 years
- Second Chance Act grant funds to assist with initiative

Second Chance Act Grant

- **Goal 1: Establish and maintain interagency collaborative teams to address recidivism.**
  - Governor's Reentry Council
  - Reentry Policy Workgroup
  - Local Reentry Task Forces in Sioux Falls and Rapid City

- **Goal 2: Evaluate current institutional and community program processes to determine impact on recidivism.**
  - Evaluate institutional case planning and assessment
  - Evaluate institutional programming to determine impact on criminogenic risk and needs.
  - Evaluate community case planning and assessment
  - Evaluate community programs and services

- **Goal 3: Reduce the recidivism rate of state adult offenders by 50% in five years**
  - **Based on assessment outcomes**, revise institutional assessment, case planning and programming to improve alignment with recidivism reduction strategies.
  - **Based on assessment outcomes**, revise community assessment, case planning and programming to improve alignment with recidivism reduction strategies.
  - Address known service gaps
  - Establish additional responses to technical parole violations
  - Address statutory, legal and policy hurdles and barriers to reentry
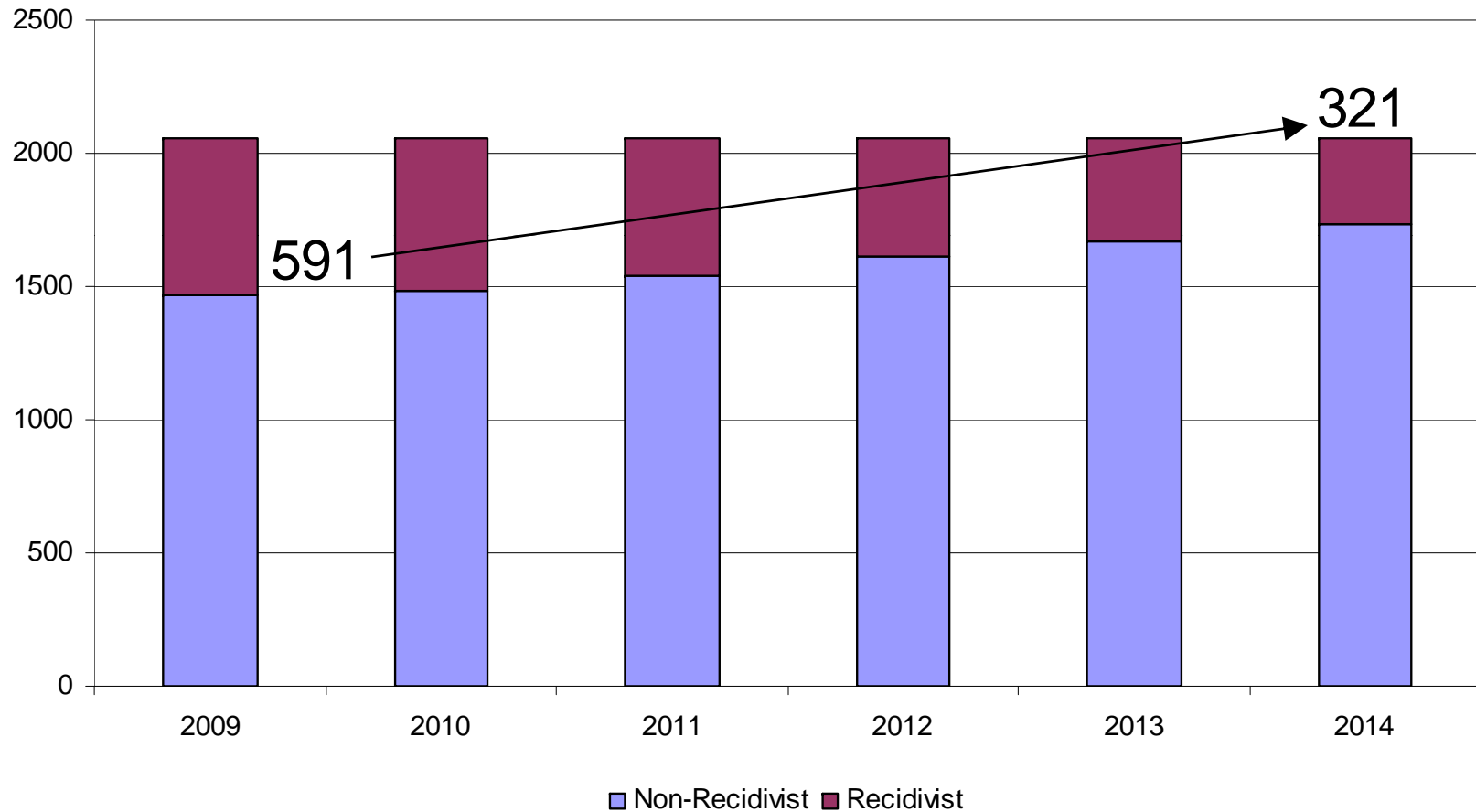
Recidivism 2003-2009 Releases

Release Year:	Number of Releases	12 months	24 months	36 months
2003	1,657			43.0%
2004	2,034		40.9%	45.4%
2005	1,932	29.9%	40.6%	44.8%
2006	2,164	29.3%	39.3%	44.1%
2007	2,072	29.9%	41.0%	Analysis Underway
2008	2,012	31.2%	Analysis Underway	N/A
2009	2.058	28.7%*	N/A	N/A

OUTCOME:
50% Recidivism Reduction in 5 years

Data Look	Releases	12 Month Recidivism Rate
2009	2007	29.9%
2010	2008	31.2%
2011	2009	28.7*
2012	2010	28.1% (target)
2013	2011	25.0% (target)
2014	2012	21.8% (target)
2015	2013	18.8% (target)
2016	2014	15.6% (goal)

- To reach the goal of 50% reduction in recidivism, we need to successfully release 270 more inmates in 2014 than we did in 2009.

591

321

| | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |

Non-Recidivist ■ Recidivist

Summary of Recidivism Analysis Findings

- Release data for calendar 2007, 2008 and 2009 was analyzed to examine recidivism trends
- The following slides summarize the findings for key factors examined in relation to recidivism
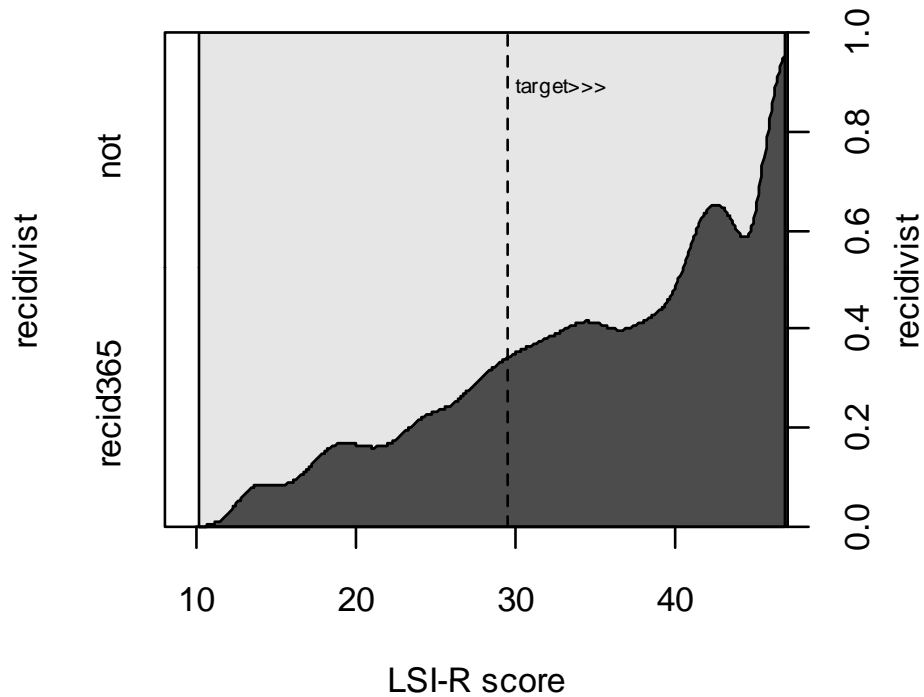
Identifying the Target Population

- Based on analysis of the 2007 and 2008 release data, a the following criteria would capture the majority of the population with a high risk of recidivism. The findings are supported based on initial review of 2009 release data for recidivism in 365 days.

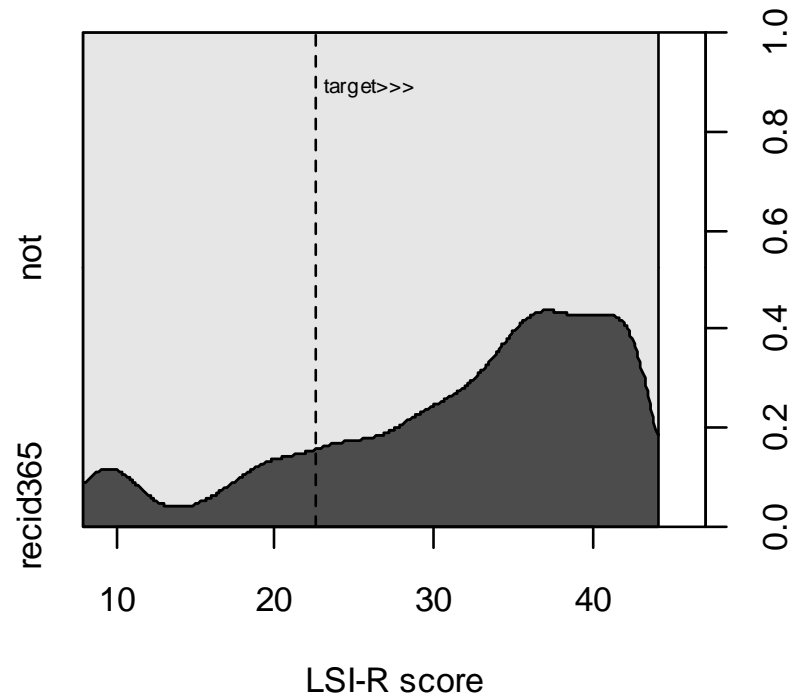Males: LSI-R > or = 30 and Age = or < 30
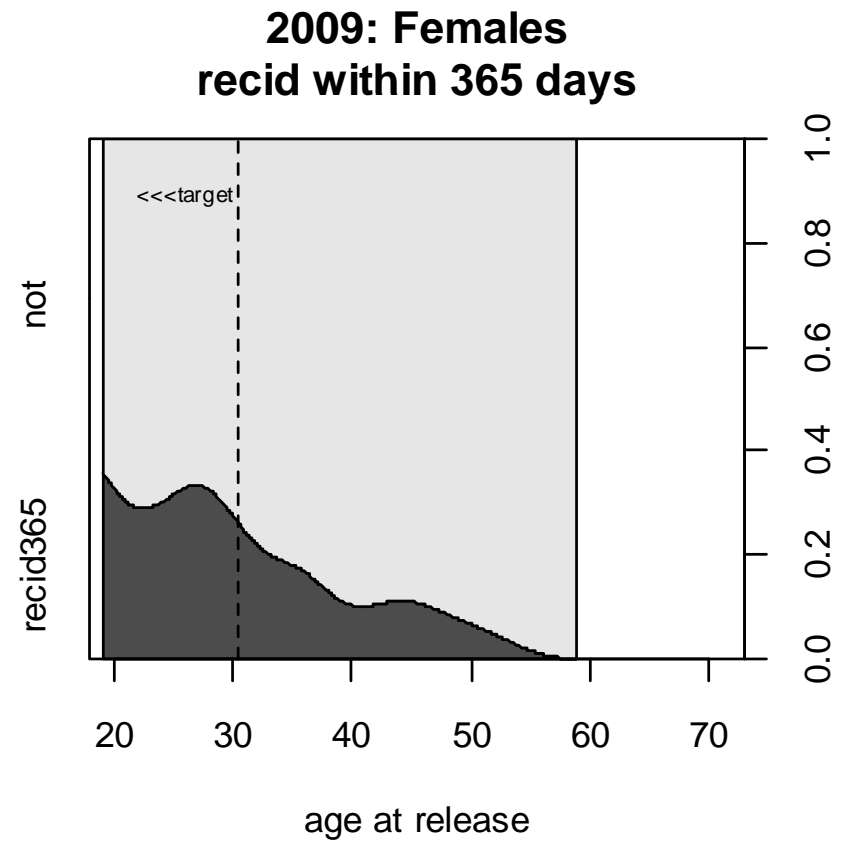
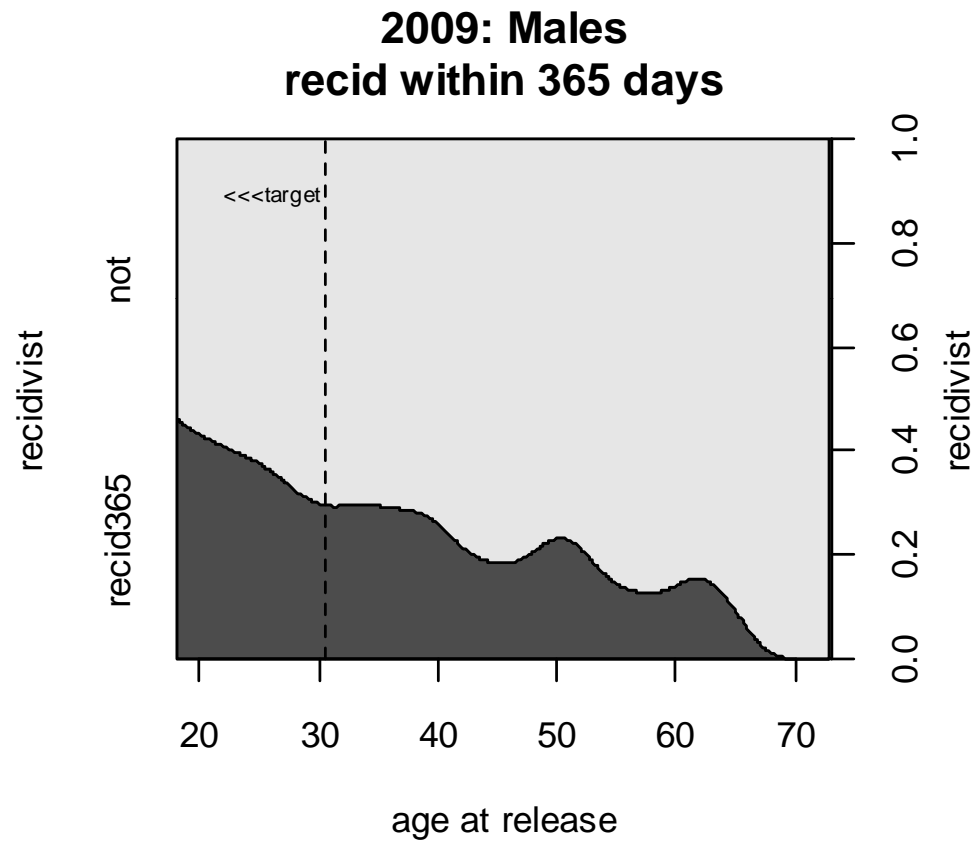Females: LSI-R > or = 23 and Age = or < 30

- Need / High Risk Areas Contributing to high LSI-R scores
  - Education/Employment
  - Living/Residential
  - Substance Abuse Services/Aftercare
  - Mental Health
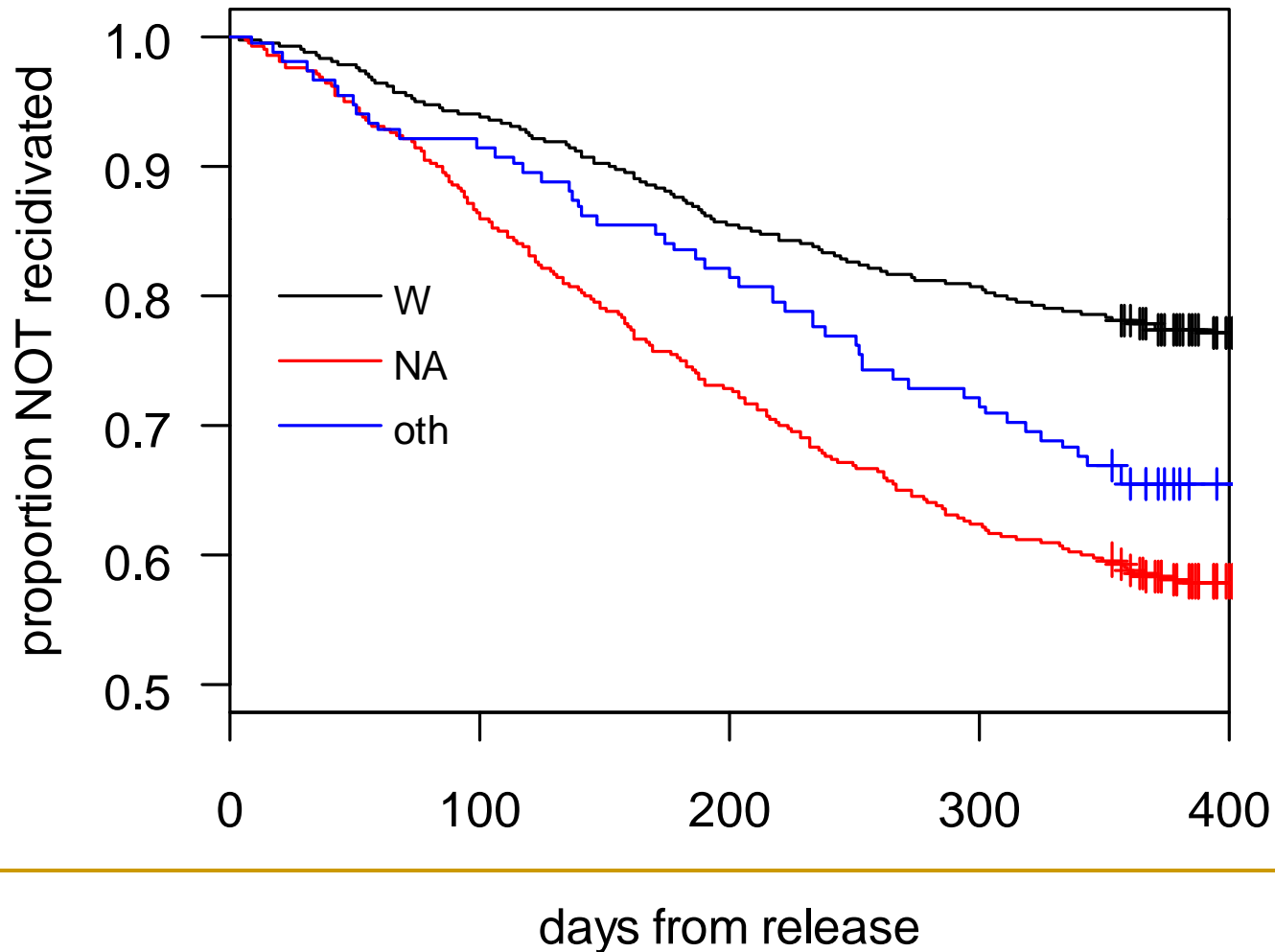 - Attitudes/Orientation

2009: Males
recid within 365 days

2009: Females
recid within 365 days

2009: Males
recid within 365 days

2009: Females
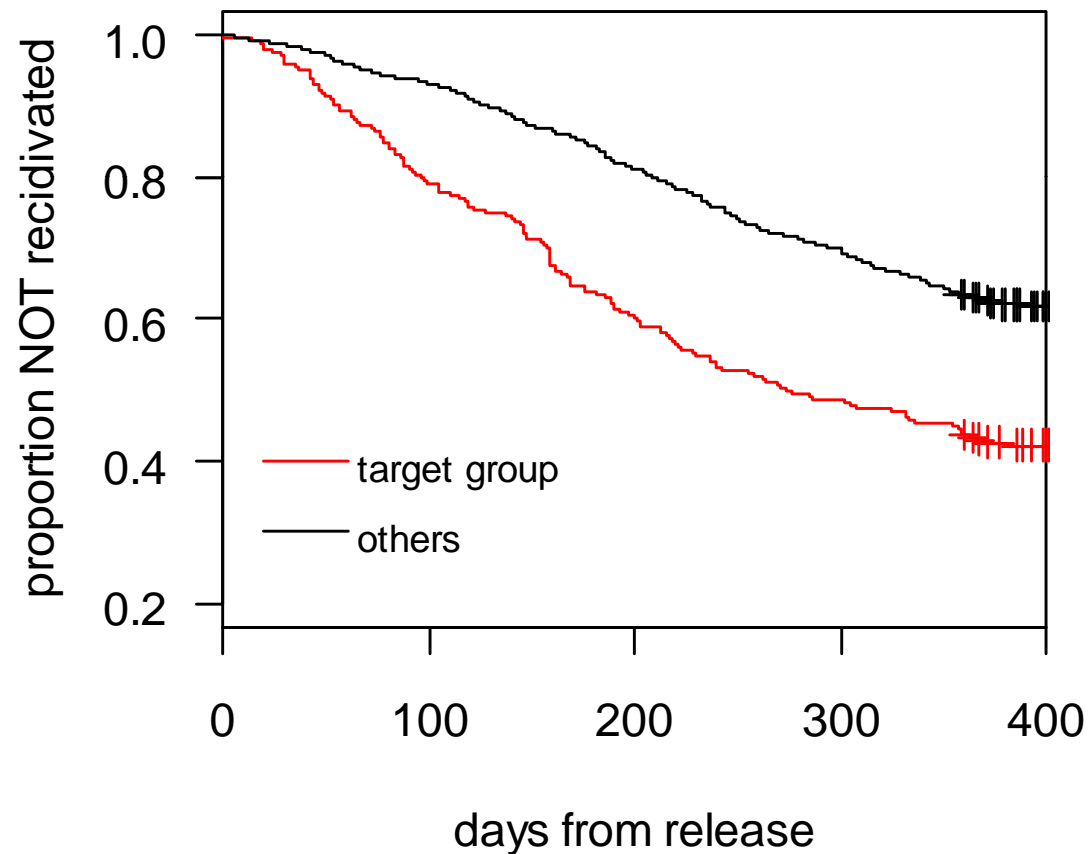**recid within 365 days**

Recidivism Analysis by Race

- Native Americans and other races had higher recidivism rates than Whites

Confirmation of Target Criteria

Target Group vs others

Initial Recidivism Reduction Statistics

*** *Does not include absconder violation*

Parole Violation Trends FY07-FY11